Module 7 – Irrational Numbers

Cube root - The *cube root* of a number b is equal to a if $a^3 = b$. It is denoted by $\sqrt[3]{b}$.

Finite decimals – decimals that terminate.

<u>Infinite decimals</u> - *Infinite decimals* are decimals that do not repeat nor terminate.

Irrational number - Irrational numbers are numbers that are not rational.

<u>Perfect square</u> - A *perfect square* is the square of an integer.

<u>Radical</u> - An expression that has a square root, cube root, etc.

<u>Rational number</u> - any <u>number</u> that can be expressed as the <u>quotient</u> or fraction p/q of two <u>integers</u>, p and q, with the <u>denominator</u> q not equal to zero.

Repeating decimal - The decimal form of a rational number, for example, $\frac{1}{3} = 0.\overline{3}$.

Square root - The square root of a number b is equal to a if $a^2 = b$. It is denoted by \sqrt{b} .

Terminating decimal - A decimal is called terminating if its repeating digit is 0.